

MATHEMATICAL WONDROUS IN THE QURAN THROUGH SURAH AL-ALAQ

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ABSTRACT

Personalized learning about the wondrous of the Creator as written in the Quran is important as it is limitless; and to search for it without themes and knowing what we are searching for would make one lost in his exploration. This paper demonstrates how numerical truths inherent between Surah Al-Alaq and the Quran based on Bediuzzaman Said Nursi ideas. Our prophet Muhammad (SAW) received the revelation of Surah Al Alaq as the first surah in the glorious Al-Quran. Thus, we study and showed the miracles that happens on how by only the first time surah Al-Alaq been revealed to Prophet Muhammad(SAW), it already portrays the geometric map as pattern of Al Quran even though manuscript of Al-Quran did not even exist yet at that time. This study hopefully can show the wondrous of the Al-Quran and provide materials to help those who want to personalize their learning about the wondrous of the Quran in regards to Mathematics gain awareness and evidence of the greatness of the Quran.

Keywords: Mathematical; Al-Alaq; Al-Quran

INTRODUCTION

Al-Quran is the word of Allah SWT. The study will explore the secret of the Quran by referring to the Risalei Nur collection. In Risale-i Nur studies, one-to-one study between the collection and the individual reading it is refered to as personalized learning (Din, 2015; Din, 2016). Bediuzzaman Said Nursi is the author of the collection. Nursi is a renowned scholar in Turkey who argues for the truth of Islam during the 19th-20th century. The background issue that leads to his work is the day he heard the Minister of Colonization England named Gladstone holding the Quran and said that non-Muslim should seize the Quran out from Muslims in order to master Muslim people. From this point, Nursi vowed to himself that he will show and prove that the Quran is eternal and will never extinguish even in the modern world. This led to the birth of Risale-i Nur collection where the sources in preparing these collections are from the Quran and Hadith only. Nursi however never request to mention his name as the main role in preparing this collection. He only hopes for the readers' prayers for the success of the collection. Nursi verbally explain his ideas to his students. The written and compilation is known as the Risale-i Nur collection. Examples of books from the Risale-i Nur collection are The Words, The Letters, The Flashes, The Rays, Signs of Miraculousness and The Staff of Moses.

To cite this document: Ishak, N. D., Kilicman, A., Said Husain, S. K., & Din, R. (2020). Mathematical wondrous in the quran through surah al-alaq. *Journal of Personalized Learning*, 3(1): 31-39. The main purpose of Risale-i Nur is to bring revival of Islam in every aspect and to help us to strengthen communication with the Creator and to practice daily activities based on the Quranic Norms. Besides that, Risale-i Nur provide understanding in order to increase and improve our faith from the greatness of Al-Quran by showing its miraculousness in the Quranic patterns. Patterns of the Quran were written from time to time preserving the same page and lines. This is to preserve the pattern and calligraphers of the Quran to maintain the true orders of the coincidences in Al-Quran (Nursi, 2004). According to the idea of Risale-i Nur to keep and maintain the pattern of Al-Quran and showing the wondrous in Al Quran, we decide to take this opportunity to do research on mathematics and Al-Quran according to the ideas that Nursi briefly explains in Risale-i Nur.

Among all the features that Risale-i Nur focuses, we choose to study the second collection of Risale-i Nur, The Letters. In this part Nursi briefly studied how Surah Al-Alaq (Quran, 96:1-19) and the Quran contains tawafuq in mathematical concept. The tawafuq here means two things happen in a precise and orderly fashion without intent. In another words, Nursi stated there are miracle coincidence in mathematical concept that happens between Surah Al-Alaq and the Quran. Hence, this paper will show all the proof and explanation based on Nursi statement that both of Surah Al-Alaq and the Quran are correlated with each other. Surah Al-Alaq is composed of 19 verses. It is the very first surah revealed. However in the Quran manuscript, it is positioned as the 96th surah.

There are two parts of the revelation of Surah Al-Alaq. The first disclosure of surah was revealed to Prophet Muhammad SAW in the early days of prophethood. At that time, our Prophet Muhammad SAW did not know how to write nor understand the faith. This is believed to occur at Makkah at cave Hira, when Jibrail reveal the initial eight verses of this surah to our Prophet Muhammad SAW. Later came the revelation of the second part of this surah, which is from the ninth verse up to the last verse of this surah, the 19th verse.

METHODOLOGY

Based on Nursi idea, tawafuq happen at the first part of surah revelation (verse 1-8) where this part already portrays the pattern of the Quran manuscript because as we know, by the time our Prophet Muhammad SAW received his first revelation through this surah, Al-Quran manuscript did not exist yet. First, we will explain in detail about the tawafuq in these eight verses. First, we demonstrate how Al-Quran has 114 total surahs at the same time Surah Al-Alaq being the first revealed surah also contains 114 letters. Second, we demonstrated how Al- Quran has 13 surahs which start with the letters 'لَال' at the same time Surah Al-Alaq contains 13 phrases 'ال'. For the first case, Surah Al-Alaq coincides with the Quran in terms of 114 letters as shown in the following Table.

	Verses in Surah Al- Alaq	Total letters	Total unpronounced letter	Total unpronounced اور ا
	ِبِسْمِ ٱللَّهِ ٱلرَّحْمَنِ ٱلرَحِيم	19	3	0
1	اِقْرَأْبِاسْمِ رَبِّكَ أَلَّذِي	18	3	1
2	ٍخَلَقَ أَلْإِنْساَنَ مِنْ عَلَق	14	1	0
3	ُ اِقْرَأْ وَرَبُّكَ أَلاَكْرَم	13	2	0
4	ِٱلَّذِي عَلَّمَ بِالْقَلَم	13	1	1
5	ْعَلَّمَ أَلاِنْسَانَ مَا لَمْ يَعْلَمُ	17	1	0
6	كَلاَّ إِنَّ الإِنْسَانَ لَيَطْغَي	15	1	1
7	اَنْ رَاهُ اسْتَغْنَى	11	1	1
8	اِنَّ اِلَى رَبِّكَ الرُّجْعَي	14	1	2
	Total	134	14	6

Clearly we can see there are 134 letters throughout Surah Al-Alaq from verse 1 until verse 8 including word *Bismillah*. However, if the unpronounced ¹ and \mathcal{E} are not included into calculation, we will get straight forward 114 letters. This is what tawafuq by Nursi explanation; that 114 letters in Surah Al-Alaq coincide with 114 total surahs in the Quran. In the second case, Surah Al Alaq shows 13 places with ' \mathcal{L} '. By coincidence again, in Al-Quran manuscript, there are 13 surah which start with letter ' \mathcal{L} '. This evidence can be observed from the comparison of both Tables 2 and 3 as follows.

Surah in Al-Quran start with letter ال'	
Surah Al-Baqara	آلم
Surah Al-Imran	آلم
Surah Al-Araf	آلمص
Surah-Yunus	آلر
Surah-Hud	آلر
Surah-Yusuf	آلر
Surah Ar-Rad	آلمر
Surah Ibrahim	آلر
Surah Al-Hijr	آلر
Surah Al-Ankabut	آلم
Surah Al-Rum	آلم
Surah Luqman	آلم
Surah Al-Sajda	آلم
Total	13

Table 2. Surahs in Al-Quran with first letter of ال

Verses in Surah Al-Alaq that نال،	t has letters
Bismillah	ؚٵ۫ڵڸؘۜۜ
Bismillah	َٽَالر
Bismillah	َٽَالر
Verse 1	ألذى
Verse 2	ألإنْساَن
Verse 3	ألَأكُرَم
Verse 4	ٱلَّذِي
Verse 4	بِالْقَلَم
Verse 5	ألإنْساَن
Verse 5	ُمَا لَم
Verse 6	ألإنْساَن
Verse 8	اِلَى
Verse 8	ّالر
Total	13

Furthermore, there are another group of surah also starting with 'ال' such as Surah Al-Fatihah (الحَمْد), Surah Al-Anam (اللَّذِين), Surah Al-Kahfi (الحَمْد), Surah Saba (الرَّحْمَن), Surah Muhammad (الرَّحْمَن), Surah Al-Haqqah (الحَمْد), Surah Insyirah (الرَّحْمَن) and Surah Al-Fil (الرَّحْمَن). However, for this case, this group of 9 surahs is not counted due to the pronunciation at the first phrase of the verses, which is letters '' and 'u' are not clearly pronounce one by one. These two cases regard the first revelation (verses 1-8) really show the uniqueness of the Quran. Next, this paper continues with the ideas from Nursi related to the whole surah Al-Alaq, with 19 verses. The elaboration starts with the cases of letter م. العلم على المالي الم

	Verses in Surah Al-Alaq	م Total letters
	بِسْمِ ٱللَّهِ ٱلرَّحْمَنِ ٱلرَّحِيم	3
1	َ اِقْرَ أَبِاسْمِ رَبِّكَ أَلَذِي خَلَقَ	1
2 3	ٍحَلِّق أَلاِنْسَانَ مِنْ عَلَق	1
3	َ اقْرَأْ وَرَبُّكَ أَلاَكْرَم	1
4 5	ِٱلَّذِي عَلَّمَ بِالْقَلَمَ	2
5	ْعَلَّمَ الْإِنْسَانَ مَا لَمْ يَعْلَمُ	4
6	كَلاّ إِنَّ الْإِنْسَانَ لَيَطْغَى	0
7	اَنْ رَاهُ اسْتَغْنَى	0
8	إِنَّ إِلَى رَبِّكَ الرُّجْعَي	0
9	اَرَ أَيْتَ الَّذِي يَنْهَى	0
	عَبْدًا إِذَا صَلَّى	0
11	اَرَ اَيْتَ اِنْ كَانَ عَلَى الْهُدَى	0
12	اَوْ أَمَرَ بِالتَّقُوَى	1
13	اَرَ أَيْتَ اِنْ كَذَّبَ وَتَوَلَّى	0
	أَلَّمْ يَعْلَمْ بِأَنَّ اللَّهَ يَرَى	2
15	ِكَلاّ لَئِنْ لَمْ يَنْتَهِ لَنَسْفَعًا بِالنَّاصِيَة	1
16	َ نَاصِيَةٍ كَاذِبَةٍخَاطِئَة	0
17	ُ فَلِّيَد ْ عُ ن اَدِيَة	0
18	ُستَدْعُ الْزَّبانِيَة	0
19	ْكَلَا لَاتُطِعْهُ وَاسْجُدٌ وَاقْتَرِب	0
	Total	16

in Surah Al-Alaq م in Surah Al-Alaq

Table 5. Surahs in Al-Quran with first letter of

Surah in Al-Quran	First sentences of first verses
Al-Baqarah	الم
Al-Imran	الم
Ar-Raf	المص
Al-Syuara	طسم
Al-Qasas	طسم
Al-Ankabut	الم
Al-Rum	الم
Luqman	الم
Al-Saddah	الم
Al-Ghafir	<u>ح</u> م
Fussilat	<u>ح</u> م
Al-Syura	<u>ح</u> م
Al-Zukhruf	حم
Al-Dukhan	<u>ح</u> م
Al-Jathiyah	حم
Al-Ahkaf	<u>حم</u>
Total	16

In exact, there are one more surah with the pronunciation of letter ρ and should be assumed as surah which start with letter ρ . The surah is surah Ar-Rad with the first sentence is المر. Even though the pronunciation of single letter of ρ is clear, this surah is considered invalid since the first verse of this surah is not only the sentence (المر), but it continues with other sentences. This case differs with another group of 16 surahs mentioned earlier where all of this surahs have only one sentence in the first verse. As for letter $\ddot{\sigma}$, the following Tables 6 and 7 shows tawafuq exist that in Surah Al Alaq have 8-letter $\ddot{\sigma}$, same goes with total surah in Al-Quran which start surah $\ddot{\sigma}$ are also amounting to eight.

Verse in Surah Al-Alaq	ق Total letter	
َ اِقْرَ أَبِاسْمِ رَبِّكَ أَلَذِي خَلَق	2	
ٍخَلَقَ أَلاِنْساَنَ مِنْ عَلَق	2	
َ اقْرَأْ وَرَبُّكَ الْأَكْرَم	1	
ِٱلَّذِي عَلَّمَ بِالْقَلَمَ	1	
ْ عَلَّمَ الْإِنْسَانَ مَا لَمْ يَعْلَمُ	0	
كَلاَّ إِنَّ الإِنْسَانَ لَيَطْغَى	0	
اَنْ رَاهُ اسْتَغْنَى	0	
اِنَّ اِلَى رَبِّكَ الرُّجْعَى	0	
اَرَ اَيْتَ الَّذِي يَنْهَى	0	
عَبْدًا إذَا صَلِّي	0	
اَرَ اَيْتَ اِنْ كَانَ عَلَى الْهُدَى	0	
اَوْ أَمَرَ بِالتَّقْوَى	1	
اَرَ اَيْتَ اِنْ كَذَّبَ وَتَوَلَّى	0	
اَلَمْ يَعْلَمْ بِأَنَّ اللَّهَ يَرَى	0	
ِكَلاّ لَئِنْ لَمْ يَنْتُهِ لَنَسْفَعًا بِالنَّاصِيَة	0	
َ نَاصِيَةٍ كَاذِبَةٍخَاطِئَة	0	
اً المَا ا	0	
ُسَنَدْعُ الْزَّبِانِيَة	0	
ْكَلا لأَتْطِعْهُ وَاسْجُدْ وَاقْتَرِبْ	1	
Total	8	

Table 6. 7	Fotal letter	in ق	Surah	Al-Alaq
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ق Table 7. Surahs in Al-Quran with first letter of

Surah in Al-Quran	First sentences of first verses	
Al-Mukminun	قَد	
Qaf	ق	
Al-Mujadalah	ٛڡؘٞۮ	
Al-Jin	قُل	
Al-Kafirun	قُل	
Al-Ikhlas	قُل	
Al-Falaq	قُل	
Al-Nas	قُل	
Total	8	

There are coincidences for letters ω , which is Surah Al-Alaq have 8 letters and Al-Quran also have 8 number of surah that start with letter ω . The following tables show the comparisons that coincide to each other.

Table 8.	Total	letter	in س	Surah	Al-Alaq
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	Verse in Surah Al-Alaq	according to versesس Total letters
1	َ اقْرَ أَبِاسْمِ رَبِّكَ أَلْذِي خَلْق	1
2	ٍخَلَقَ الْإِنْساَنَ مِنْ عَلَق	1
3	ُ إِقْرَأُ وَرَبُّكَ أَلأَكْرَم	0
4	ِ ٱلَّذِي عَلَّمَ بِالْقَلَم	0
5	ْ عَلَّمَ أَلاِنْسَانَ مَا لَمْ يَعْلَم	1
6	كَلاّ إِنَّ أَلاِنْسَانَ لَيَطْغَى	1
7	أَنْ رَاهُ اسْتَغْنَى	1
8	اِنَّ اِلَى رَبِّكَ الرُّجْعَى	0
9	اَرَ اَيْتَ الَّذِي يَنْهَى	0
10	عَبْدًا إِذَا صَلِّي	0
11	اَرَ اَيْتَ اِنْ كَانَ عَلَى الْهُدَى	0

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12	أَوْ أَمَرَ بِالتَّقْوَى	0	
13	اَرَ أَيْتَ اِنْ كَذِّبَ وَتَوَلِّي	0	
14	أَلَّمْ يَعْلَمْ بِأَنَّ اللَّهَ يَرَى	0	
15	ِكَلا لَئِنْ لَمْ يَنْتَهِ لَنَسْفَعًا بِالنَّاصِيَة	1	
16	ٟڬؘٳڝؚؽؘڐ۪۪ ػٙٳۮؚڹؘؿ۪ڿؘٵڟؚٮٞٙة	0	
17	ُ فَلْيَدْعُ ناَدِيَة	0	
18	ُ سَنَدْعُ الزَّبِآنِيَة	1	
19	ْكَلاَّ لاَتُطِعْهُ وَاسْجُدْ وَاقْتَرِب	1	
	Total	8	

As we can see, there are a total of eight letters س in this surah excluding *Bismillah*. Significantly, there are eight surahs in the Quran that also start with letters س. They and can be seen in the following table.

Number	Surah in Al-Quran	First sentences of first verses	Number surah counted
1	Al-Isra	ؘڛؙڹ۠ڂڹ	1
2	Al-Nur	<i>`</i> سئۇرَة	2
3	Al-Syuara	طسم	3
4	Al-Naml	طس	4
5	Al-Qasas	طسم	-
6	Yasin		5
7	Al-Hadid	سَبَّح	6
8	Al-Hasyr	سَبَّح	-
9	Al-Shaff	یَس سَبَّح سَبَّح سَبَال	-
10	Al-Maarij	ؘؘڛٮؘٲؖڶ	7
11	Al-Ala	ؚؚڛڹڹؚۜڂ	8
		Total	8

س Table 9. Surahs in Al-Quran with first letter of

Since there are three surahs that start with the same kalimah, which is surah Al-Hadid, Surah-Hasyr and Surah-Al Shaff, then we consider these three surahs to be calculated once only. It goes to Surah Ash-Syuara and Al-Qasas that share the same kalimah for the first verses, then again we consider as one surah to be counted. These estimation results the total of surah starting with letter ω amounting to eight. In addition, the example of surah, which start with the sentences and Δ and Δ and Δ are pronounced though in specific it does not start with letter . This is because we consider the letter ω are pronounced clearly one by one for both of the sentences, أي and Δ and Δ and Δ because the letter Δ , there are only 3 letters Δ in this surah which in verse 6, Δ again is significant with three surahs in the Quran starting with the letter Δ . The following Table 10 shows the list of surahs, which start with letter Δ .

Table 10. Surahs	s in Al-Qur	an with first	ط letter of
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Surah in Al-Quran	First sentences of first verse
Al-Syuara	طسم
Al-Naml	طس
Al-Qasas	طسم
Total	3

'Qasem' verses exist in the Quran or in another meaning are words uses as a sworn from Allah SWT to His creation. The following table b shows the detail list of surahs in the-Quran, which starts with the word 'Qasem', and apparently, all these surah's start with letters \mathfrak{g} .

Surahs in Al QuranQasem / Verses statementAs-Saffatآلصنافات صنفا		Meaning	Total Qasem
		1) I swear by those who draw themselves out in ranks.	1
Az-Zhariyat	(1) وَالْذَارِيَاتِ ذَرْوًا	1) I swear by the wind that scatters far and wide	1
At-Thur	(1) مِوَالطور	 I swear by the mountain. And the Book written. 	2
	(2) ٍوَكِتَابٍ مَسْطُور	2) And the book written.	
An-Najm	(1) وَالْنَّجْمِ اِذَا هَوى	1) I swear by the star when it goes down.	1
Al-Mursalat	َوَأَلْمُرْسَلاَتِ عُرْفا (1)	1) I swear by the emissary winds, set one after another for men's benefit.	1
An-Naziat	(1) وَالْنَازِ عَاتِ غَرْقًا	1) I swear by the angles who violently full out the souls of the blessed.	3
	(2) وَالْنَشْطَاتِ نَشْطًا	2) And those who gently draw out the souls of the blessed.	
	(3) وَالسَّابِحَاتِ سَبْحًا	3) And by those who float in space.	
Al-Mutaffifin	(1) َوَيْلٌ لِلْمُطَفِّفِيْن	1) I swear to the defrauders.	1
Al-Burooj	ِوَالسَّهَاءِذَاتِ الْبُرُوج (1)	 I swear by the mansions of the stars. And the promised day. 	3
	(2) ِوَالْيَوْمِ الْمَوْعُود	3) And the bearer of witness and those against whom the witness is borne.	
	(3) ٍوَشَاهِدٍوَمَشْهُود		
Al-Tariq	(1) ِوَالسَّهَأَءِوَالطَّارِق	1) I swear by the heaven and the comer by	2
	ُوَمَا أَدْرَيْكَ مَاالطَّارِق (2)	night.2) And that will make you know that the comer by night is?	
Al-Fajr	(1) ِوَالْفَجْر	 I swear by the daybreak. And the ten nights. 	4
	(2) ٍوَلَيَالٍ عَشْر	3) And the even and the odd.4) And the night when it departs,	
	(3) ِوَالشَّفْعِ وَالْوَتْر	+/ And the hight when it departs,	
	(4) ِوَالَّيْلِ اِذَا يَسْر		

Table 11	. Total Qaser	n in surahs in	Al Quran

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Al-Syams	 (1) وَالشَّمْسِ وَحْمُحَيهَا (2) وَالقَمَرِ اِذَا تَلْيهَا (3) وَالنَّهَارِ اِذَاجَلَّيهَا (4) وَالَيْلُ اِذَايَعْشَيهَا 	 I swear by the sun and its brilliance. And the moon when it follows the sun. And the day when it shows it. And the night when it draws a veil over it. And the heaven and Him Who made it. And the earth and Him who made it And the soul and Him Who made it perfect. 	7
	(5) وَالسَّمَآءِوَمَابَنَيهَا وَ ٱلْأَرْضِ وَ مَاطَحِيهَا		
	(6)		
	(7) وَنَفْشٍ وَمَا سَوَّيهَا		
Al-Lail	(1) وَالَيْلِ إِذَا يَغْشَى	 I swear by the night when it draws a veil. And the day when it shines in brightness. 	3
	(2) والنَّهَارِ إِذَاتَجَلَّي	3) And the creating of the male and female.	
	وَمَا جَلَقَ الذَّكَرَوَ اللأُنْنَى (3)		
Ad-Dhuha	(1) وَالْضُحَى	 I swear by the early hours of the day And the night when it covers with 	2
	(2) وَالَّيْلِ إِذَا سَبَحى	darkness.	
At-Tin	(1) ِوَالتِّينِ وَالزَّيْتُون	 I swear by the fig and the olive. And mount Sinai. 	3
	(2) َوَطُورٍسِينِين	3) And this city made secure.	
	(3) ِوَ هَذَا الْبَلَدِالْإَمِين		
Al-Adiyat	(1) وَالْعَادِيَاضَبْحًا	1) I swear by the runners breathing pantingly.	1
Al-Asr	(1) ِوَالْعَصْر	1) I swear by the time.	1
Al-Humaza	ٍوَيْلٌ لِكُلِّ هُمَزَةٍلْمَرَة (1)	1) I swear to every slanderer, defamer.	1
		Total 'Qasem'	37

The table showed exactly 17 surahs in the-Quran which the letter starts with \mathfrak{z} , followed with the meaning for each verses and total 'Qasem' for each surah. However, in reference to Risale-i Nur they assume only 12 surahs, which start with \mathfrak{z} . That will be future study. Thus, next we will discuss about the differences. If we notice the word 'Qasem' for each verses, all the surahs show the word towards nature of His creation except surah As-Saffat which a woe that refer to His angle. Hence, we assume to except this surah into calculation and left now is 16 surah's in Al-Quran, which the letter starts with \mathfrak{z} . Take note also Surah Al-Mutaffifin and Surah Al-Humaza share the same first verses. The same issue happens to Surah Al-Burooj and Surah At-Tariq. Thus, we assume these four surahs also are not acceptable and should be remove from this group. This explains the reason why surahs in the Quran, which the letters start with \mathfrak{z} are 12 surah's only.

Again with 'Qasem' issue, table shows there are 37 total 'Qasem' in this 17 surah's and throughout all the meaning of the verses, we can see only Surah As-Saffat are different because it is regard to His angle. Thus, from 37 'Qasem' we collected from this 17 surahs. Minus this one 'Qasem' from Surah As-Saffat and give the remaining of 'Qasem' as 36. Simplify now there are 12 surahs in the Quran, which start with letter \jmath and there are 36 'Qasem' verses in Al Quran. Therefore, if we notice numbers 12 and 36 are the multiplication of six and coincidence happen, when there are only six letters of \jmath in surah Al-Alaq. This conclusion shows the miracle happen for letters \jmath that happen between Surah Al-Alaq and the Quran.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Overall, various forms for calculations of letters are done which some of it including verse Bismillah and some are not, same with some of the calculation count the repeated letters and some others case are not counted. Based on what we learned from Nursi's ideas through the Risale-i Nur, we tried to prove the best estimation and the logic calculation that coincided with a statement from Risale-i Nur. Instead, we are still searching hidden wisdom contained in the Al-Quran in reference to Risale-i Nur to prove the wondrous of the Quran. Based on the statement from The Letters below, if permits, the mysteries of all the ideas by Nursi from Risale-i Nur will be written, Insha'Allah.

O God! O Revealer of the Qur'an, allow us to understand the mysteries of the Qur'an so long as the sphere revolve. And grant blessings and peace to the one to whom You revealed the Qur'an, and to all his Family and Companions. Amen.

Risale-i Nur expected to increase and improve our faith to the greatness of Al-Quran. Indeed, when we examine these scriptures miracles then our faith will grow rather than vice versa. Those who insulted the Al-Quran should be aware that Al-Quran is remarkable especially in the wake of modern society in the uniqueness of the Al-Quran. Hopefully this study will add confidence to the readers of the majesty of God contained in the Quran and increase the faith of the reader. In addition, it is also hope that the study will be able to inspire other researchers to conduct research in greater depth about the miracle nous of the Al-Quran.

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